

Outsourcing Mobile Security in the Cloud

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Plan

Introduction

Related work

Mobile Security as a Service

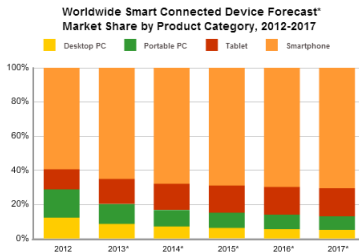
Preliminary results

Conclusions

Context

Ubiquity of mobile devices

- large-scale deployment
- mainly smartphones and tablets

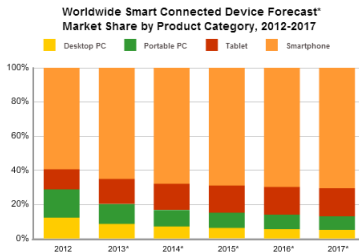


source: IDC analytics 2013

Context

Ubiquity of mobile devices

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Mobile malware increase

- devices carry sensitive and valuable information
- numerous attacks & infection vectors

Mobile malware grew

155%   in 2011

614%      

from March 2012 to March 2013

source: Juniper mobile threat report 2013

Traditional mobile security

On-device approaches:

- dedicated applications installed on the smartphones
- security checks mainly based on devices' resources

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Limits of on-device security approaches

- resource consumption
- installation, configuration & maintenance
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⇒ How to efficiently provide security for mobile devices using cloud-based mechanisms?

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Virtualization and cloning methods

Virtual replicas of real devices [1]

- execution traces and traffic mirroring from real devices
- real devices' activity replayed on replicas
- detecting threats on replicas, applying protections on devices

Virtual mobile instances (VMI) [2]

- with larger resources to host complex applications
- accessed by real devices to execute those applications
- dedicated monitoring subsystem to detect anomalies within VMIs

Mobile security functions outsourcing

Pure cloud-based outsourcing

- e.g. application firewall [3], antivirus [4]

SDN-based outsourcing [5]

- leverages network controller's global view
- security checks transparently applied on traffic

NFV-based outsourcing [6]

- dynamic deployment of middleboxes in the cloud using virtualization
- not dedicated to mobile security, but shows the potentiality of the cloud

Motivation

Limitations of current cloud-based approaches:

- focus on specific instance(s) of the whole security threats set
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- applications (e.g. gaming, banking)
- remote destinations (e.g. unknown/well-known server)

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Proposed approach

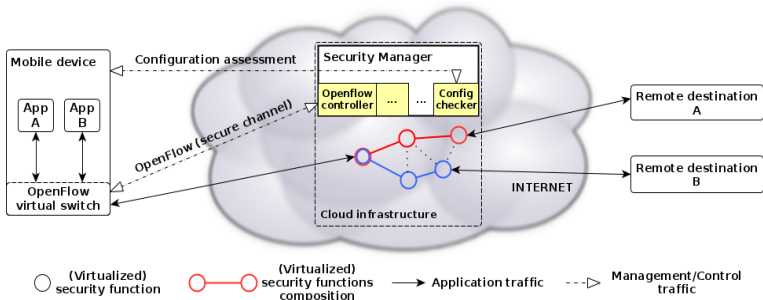
Dynamic composition of mobile security functions in the cloud:

- outsource mobile security functions in the cloud
- dynamically select and activate security functions
- transparently link and instantiate compositions of security functions

Main enablers:

- Network Function Virtualization (NFV)
- Software-Defined Networking (SDN/Openflow)

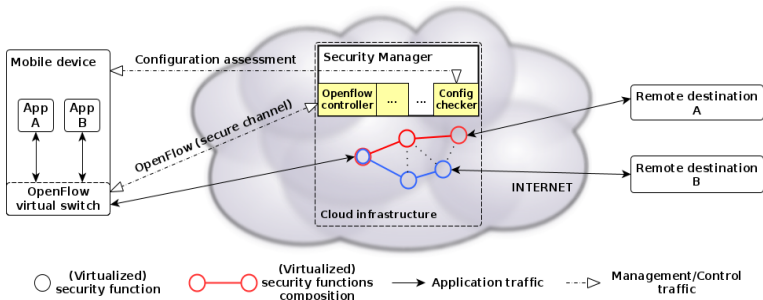
Our cloud-based mobile security architecture



A new cloud-based architecture to:

- host a large set of mobile security functions
- build and deploy tailored security compositions depending on context and risks

Key entities



Involves three entities:

- the mobile device with running applications and a virtual OpenFlow-based switch
- the security manager - in cloud infrastructure - to manage outsourced security functions
- the remote dest. interacting with the mobile device

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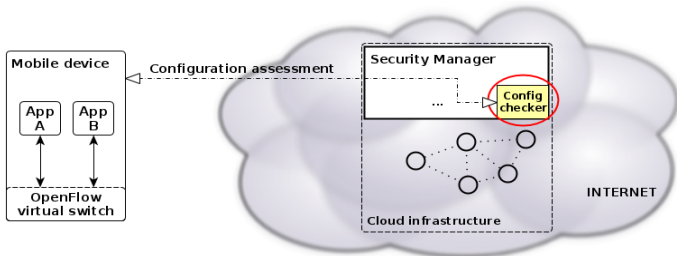
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Our first outsourced security function



Implementation of a configuration checker for mobile devices [7].

Our first outsourced security function - cont'd

Outsourced configuration checker:

- based on the OVAL standard
- remotely checks configuration of mobile devices
- detects vulnerable states
- implements a probabilistic model to efficiently schedule assessments

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→ Collected information about vulnerable configurations can be exploited by the security manager

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Summary

Mobile security is a critical issue

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- numerous privacy and security issues
- on-device security approaches limits

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Cloud + NFV + SDN = efficient mobsec outsourcing

- reduction of devices' resources usage
- dynamic security depending on context and risks
- transparent deployment from an end-user view

Future work

Mathematical modeling:

- investigate compositions mechanisms
- determination of cost (resources), quality and complexity of compositions
- tradeoffs between on-device and in-cloud security functions

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Prototyping and evaluation:

- OpenVSwitch deployed on Samsung Galaxy S4
- experiments with the Mininet simulator
- later: Openstack & NFV integration

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